

## RADIO LAW

6 Assad 1327

### PREAMBLE

Persons applying to trade in radios in Afghanistan shall be subject to the provisions of these regulations.

### CHAPTER ONE: CONDITIONS FOR TRADING IN RADIOS

**ARTICLE 1:** Persons wishing to trade in radios in Afghanistan must apply to the technical radio directorate, the press department, for special license. In these applications, they must state the purpose of the trade and type of radio they wish to import. No person can import radios into Afghanistan without the special permit; this regulation even applies to persons who have a general license for trade.

**NOTE:** When a person who has obtained a license for importing radios wishes to import more than the assigned quota during the year, he can apply for further quotas.

**ARTICLE 2:** When a non-trader wishes to import one radio for his personal use or for the use of any other person, he shall not be subject to Article 1 above.

**ARTICLE 3:** License holders who import radios must at the same time import the necessary spare parts and accessories for their radios. The technical radio directorate shall decide on the quantity of the spare parts and accessories that are to be imported with each lot at the time the license is issued.

**NOTE:** The time limit for importing radio accessories is one year from the date of the clearance of the radios from the customs. After that date, if accessories are needed, the importer shall be charged 100 Afghanis per radio. Under exceptional conditions and international situations, with the consent of the press council and the approval of the Prime Minister's Office, this time limit can be extended. Dealers can import accessories for radios that have previously been imported into Afghanistan.

**ARTICLE 4:** The following charges shall be levied on licenses for the importation of radios into Afghanistan. License for the importation of up to 20 radios per year, 100 Afghanis; for the importation of more than 20 and up to 40 radios, 200 Afghanis; the same proportion applies to further increases in the number of imports.

**ARTICLE 5:** Any dealer importing radios without a license shall be fined 100 Afghanis per radio. This does not apply to the case mentioned in Article 2 above.

**ARTICLE 6:** If an importer deals with radios exclusively and this is stated in his application and in the general license issued to him by the Ministry of Economy, then the technical radio directorate shall issue a radio license to him free of charge.

## CHAPTER TWO: IMPORTATION AND SALE OF RADIOS

- ARTICLE 7:** When commercial radios are imported via customs in Afghanistan, the customs officials shall call the technical experts to examine them and to take their numbers and particulars for registration in the census register in accordance with the requirements of the radio technical directorate.
- ARTICLE 8:** Importation of equipment and accessories for transmitters and for radio telephony and telegraphy transmitters is forbidden. Persons who have a license for importing receiver sets cannot deal in transmitting sets.

## CHAPTER THREE

- ARTICLE 9:** In the capital the technical radio directorate shall be in charge of the regulations, registrations, collection of fees defined in Article 4 above, and other technicalities. In the provinces, the press departments shall be in charge of those affairs.
- ARTICLE 10:** After the publication of these regulations, the radio regulations of 2 Hamal 1320 shall be null and void.
- ARTICLE 11:** The director of the press department shall be in charge of these regulations.